

Walking in the Sandals of the Apostle Paul

“A Study in the Book of Acts”

Temple Baptist Church
May 21, 2023

Chronological Chart of Acts

Events	Acts	Dates
Ascension	1:9-11	A.D. 30
Pentecost	2:1-41	A.D. 30
Early church	2:42-6:7	A.D. 30
First persecution	4:1-31	A.D. 31
Second persecution	5:17-42	A.D. 32
Third persecution; Stephen's martyrdom	6:8-8:4	A.D. 35-37
Philip's ministry in Samaria and to the Ethiopian	8:5-40	A.D. 37
Paul's conversion	9:1-21	A.D. 38
Paul in Damascus, Asia, Jerusalem, Tarsus	9:22-30	A.D. 38-41
Peter at Caesarea	10:1-11:18	A.D. 41
Founding of Gentile church at Antioch	11:19-24	A.D. 41
Paul in Antioch	11:25-26	A.D. 43
Martyrdom of James; Peter imprisoned	12:1-19	A.D. 44
First missionary journey	13:1-14:28	A.D. 45-47
Jerusalem council	15:1-29	A.D. 50
Second missionary journey	15:36-18:22	A.D. 51-54
Third missionary journey	18:23-21:19	A.D. 54-58
Paul arrested in Jerusalem	21:20-23:22	A.D. 58
Paul a prisoner at Caesarea	23:23-26:32	A.D. 58-60
Paul's journey and arrival in Rome	27:1-28:31	A.D. 60-61



Philippi

Neapolis

Apollonia

Thessaloniki

Amphipolis

Berea

Alexandria Troas

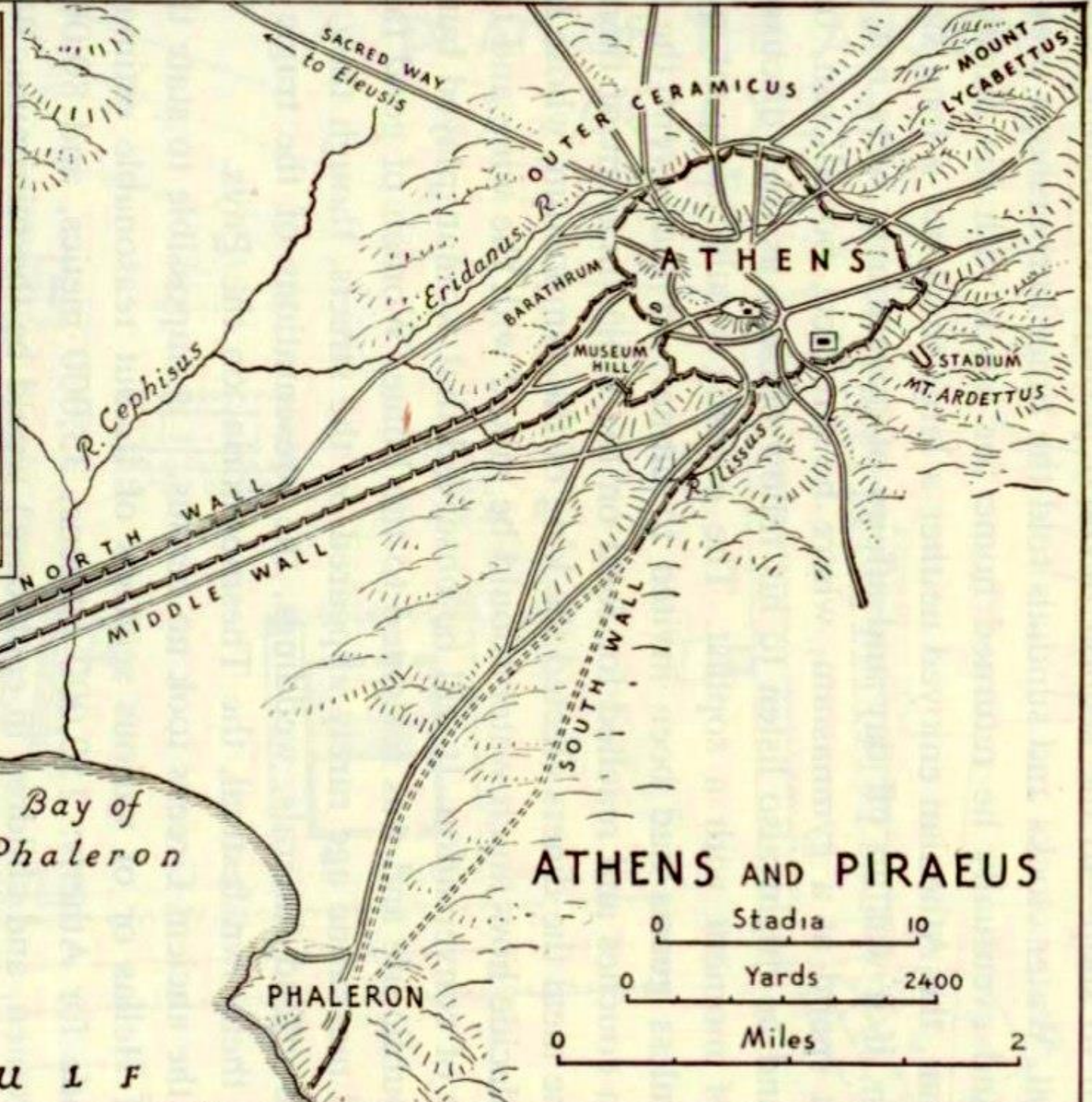
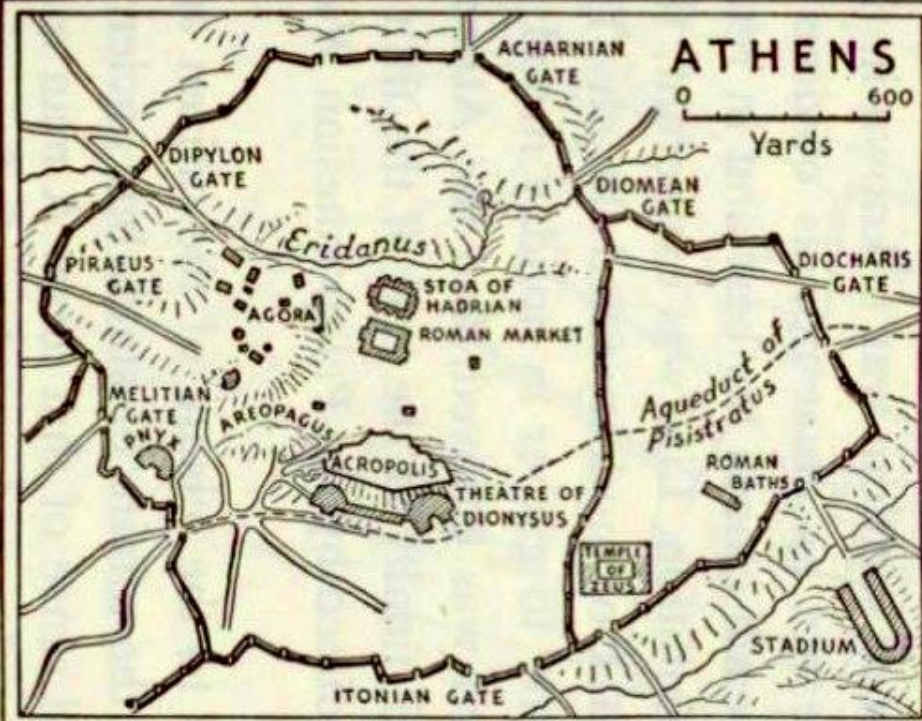
Smyrna

Ephesus

Athens

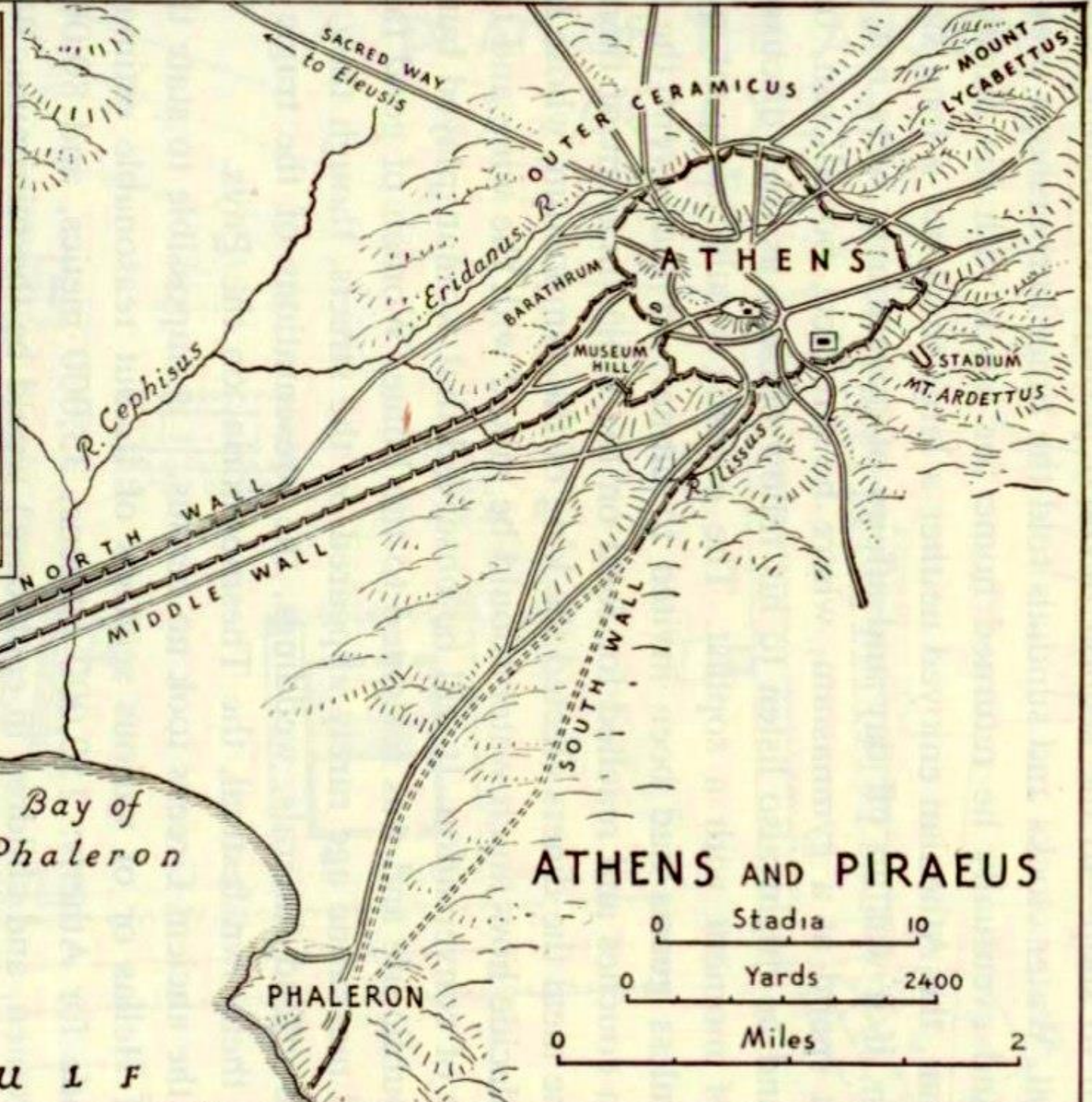
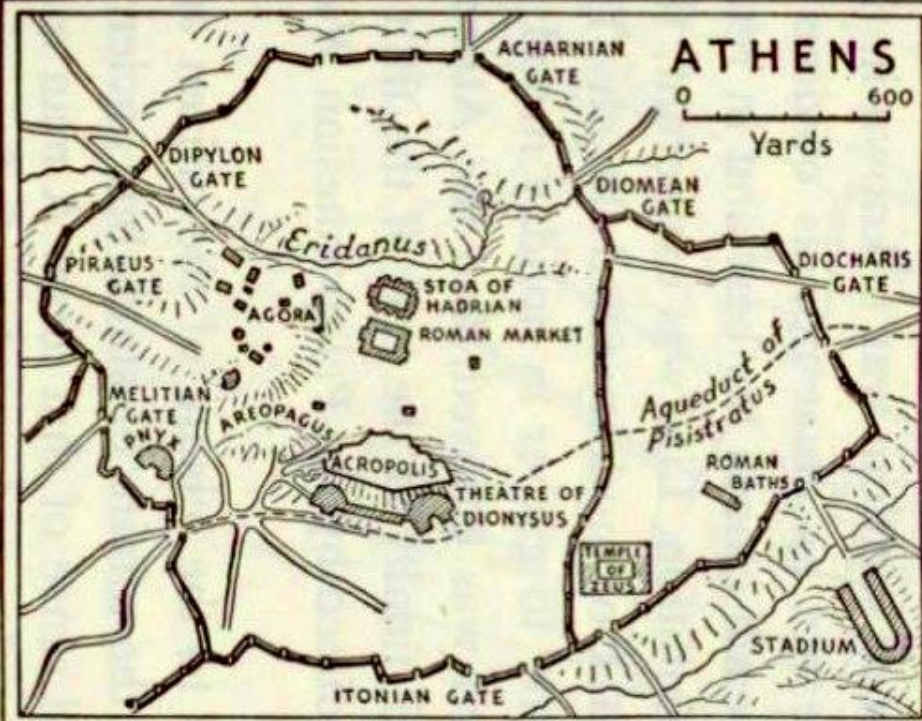
Corinth











S A R O N I C G U L F

Panathenaic Way



Marble Carrara, Italy



Marble Carrara, Italy



Marble

New York, USA



Marble



Lithuania

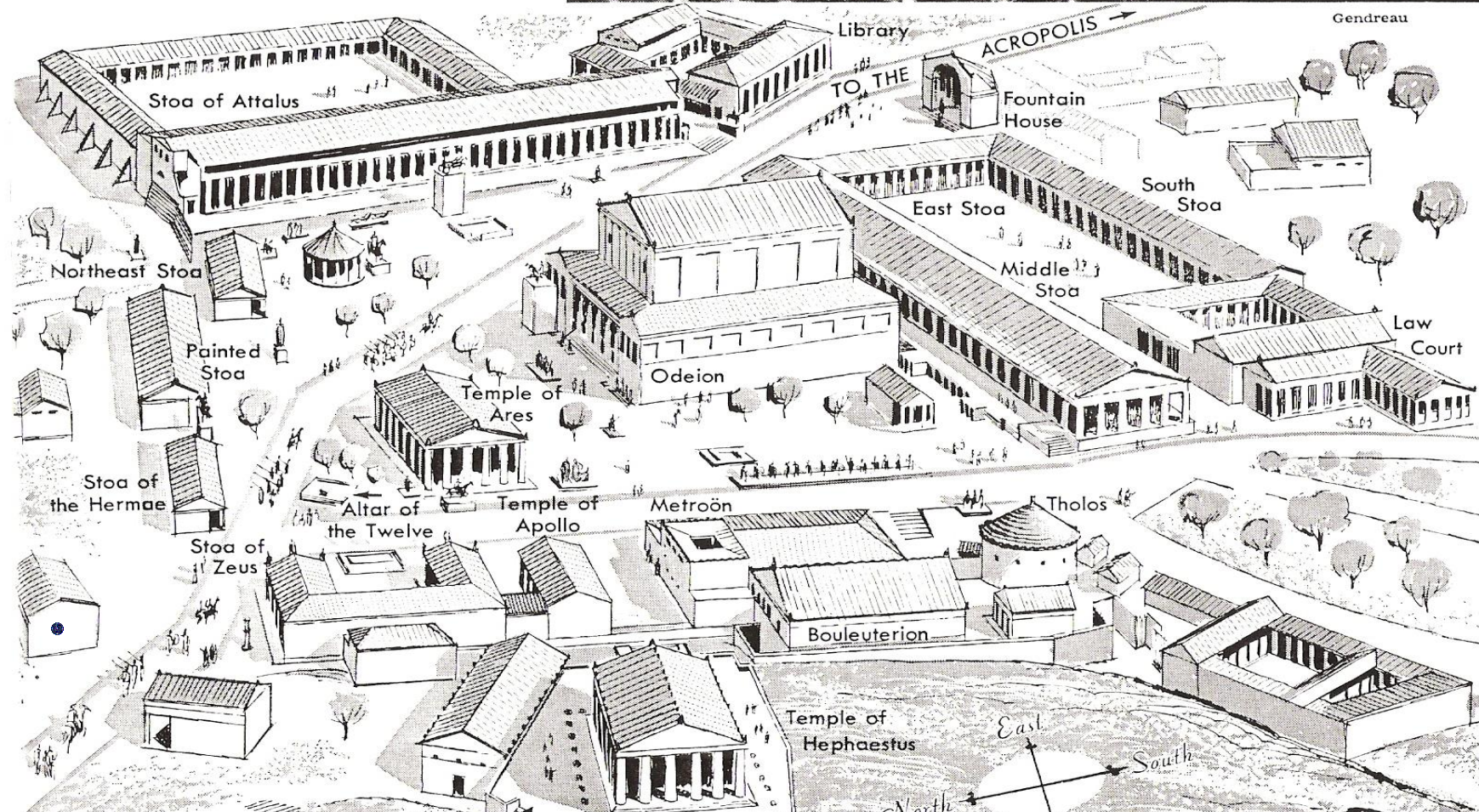
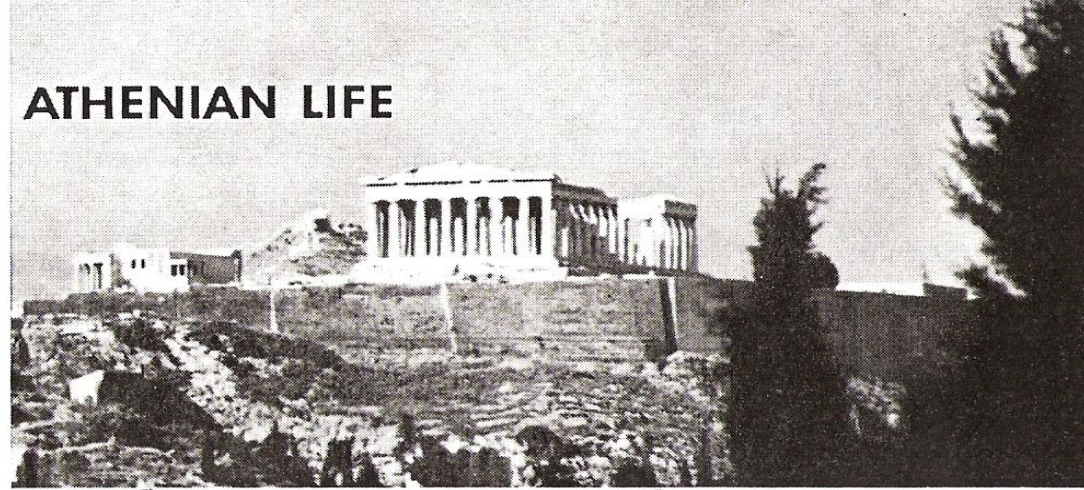


Philippines

THE CENTER OF ATHENIAN LIFE

The Acropolis, a fortified hill, stood above the center of Athens. The ancient Greeks built the Parthenon and other temples on the hill.

The Agora, or market place, was Athens' civic center. It lay at the foot of the Acropolis. As it appeared about A.D. 51, it included *stoas*, which had shops and meeting places; the *Odeion*, a theater; and government buildings such as the *Bouleuterion*, *Metroön*, and *Tholos*.



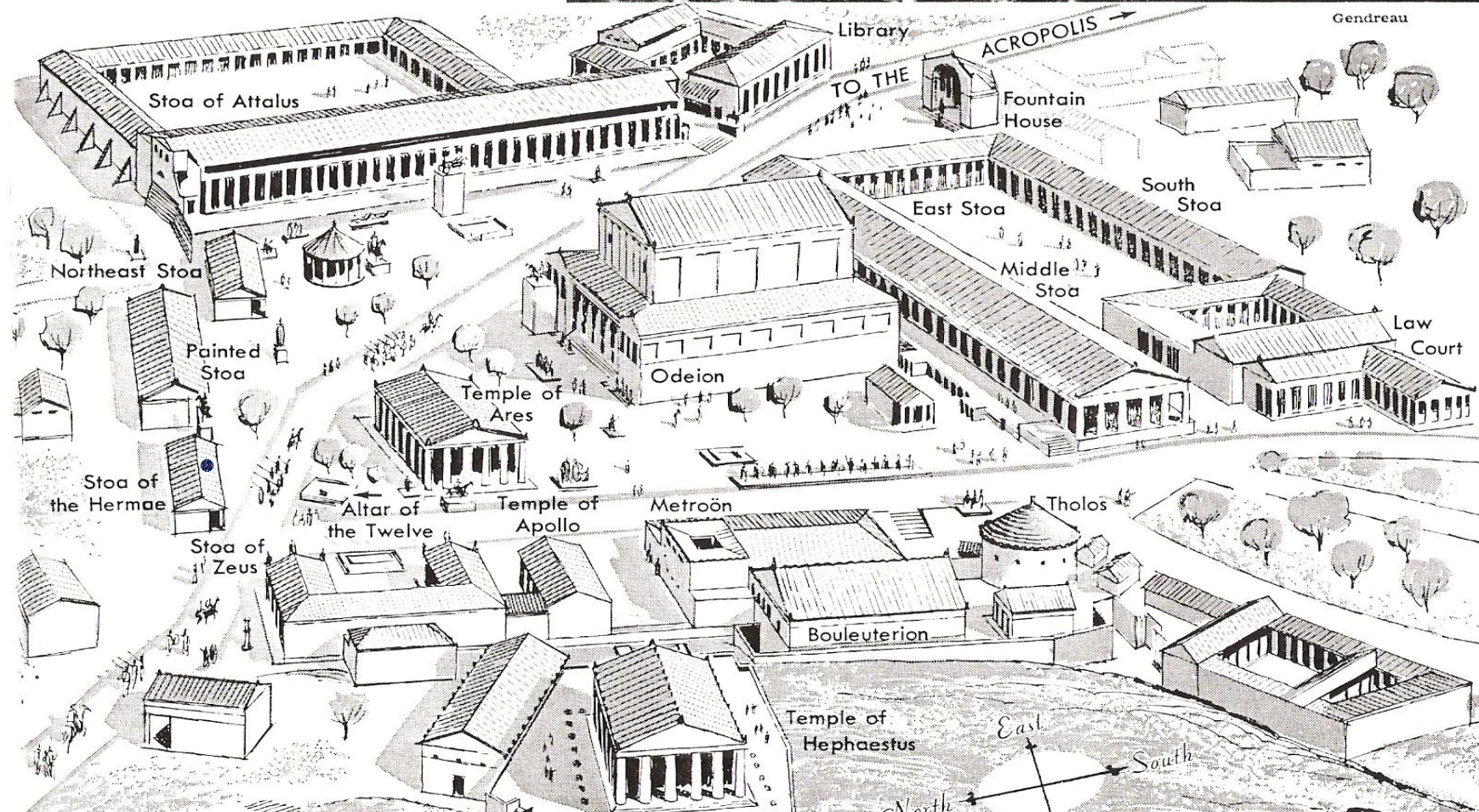
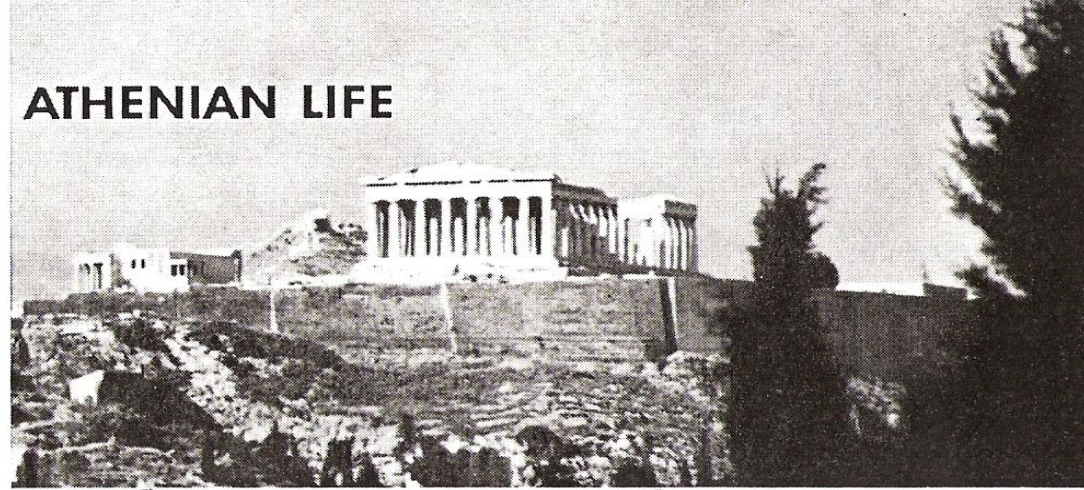
Royal Stoa (Baselios)



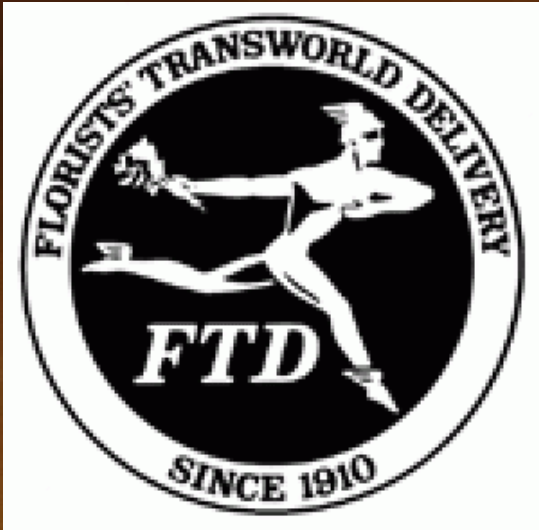
THE CENTER OF ATHENIAN LIFE

The Acropolis, a fortified hill, stood above the center of Athens. The ancient Greeks built the Parthenon and other temples on the hill.

The Agora, or market place, was Athens' civic center. It lay at the foot of the Acropolis. As it appeared about A.D. 51, it included *stoas*, which had shops and meeting places; the *Odeion*, a theater; and government buildings such as the *Bouleuterion*, *Metroön*, and *Tholos*.



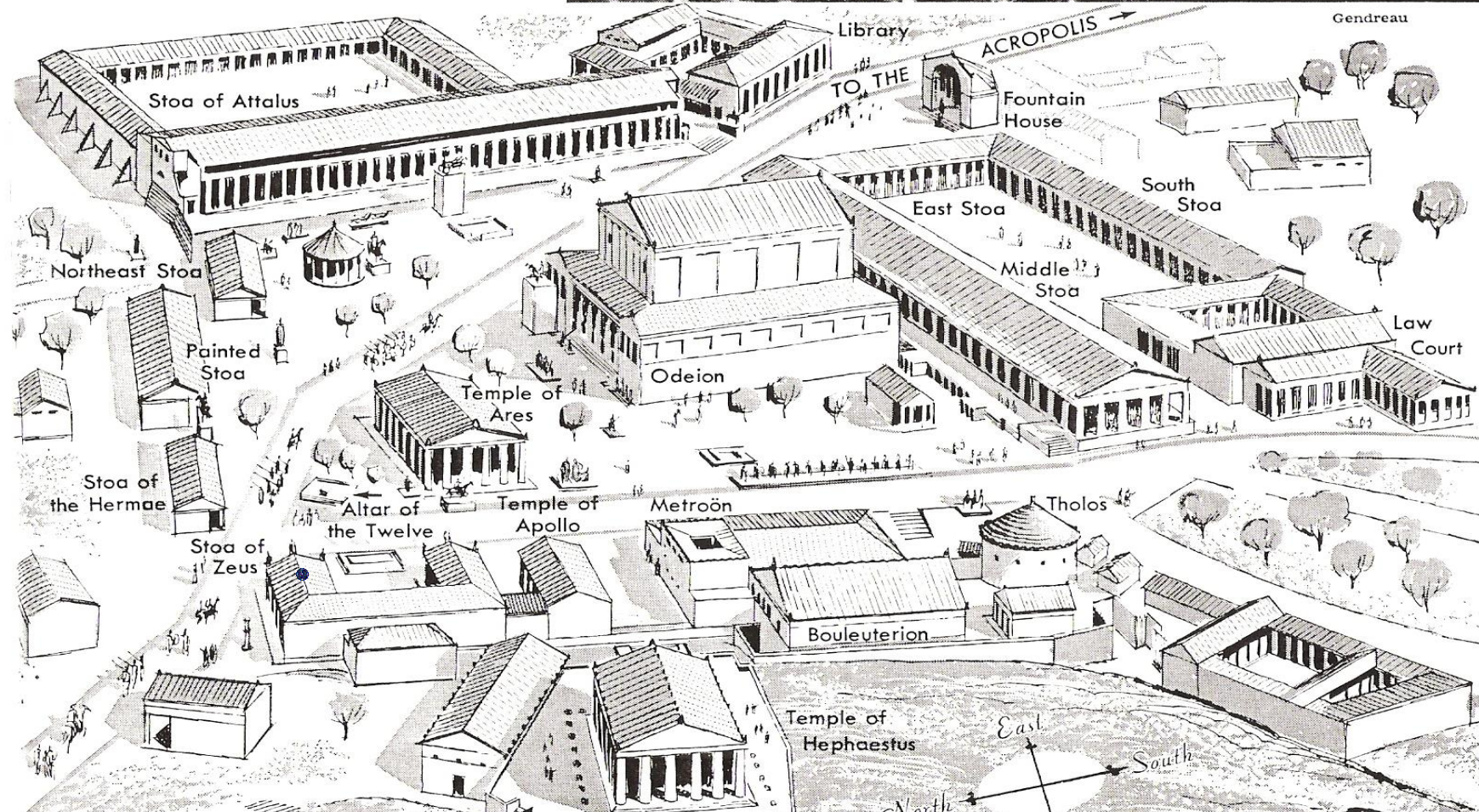
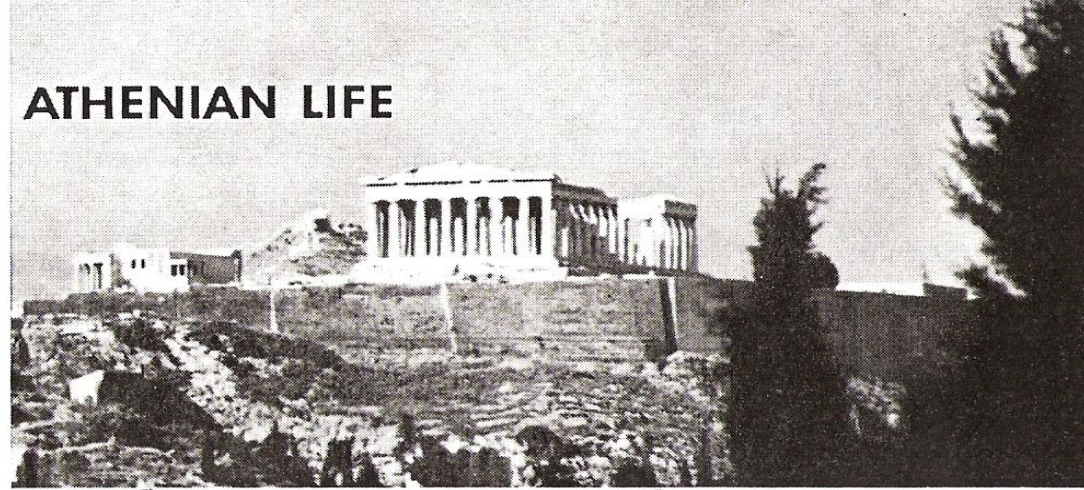
Stoa of Hermes



THE CENTER OF ATHENIAN LIFE

The Acropolis, a fortified hill, stood above the center of Athens. The ancient Greeks built the Parthenon and other temples on the hill.

The Agora, or market place, was Athens' civic center. It lay at the foot of the Acropolis. As it appeared about A.D. 51, it included *stoas*, which had shops and meeting places; the *Odeion*, a theater; and government buildings such as the *Bouleuterion*, *Metroön*, and *Tholos*.



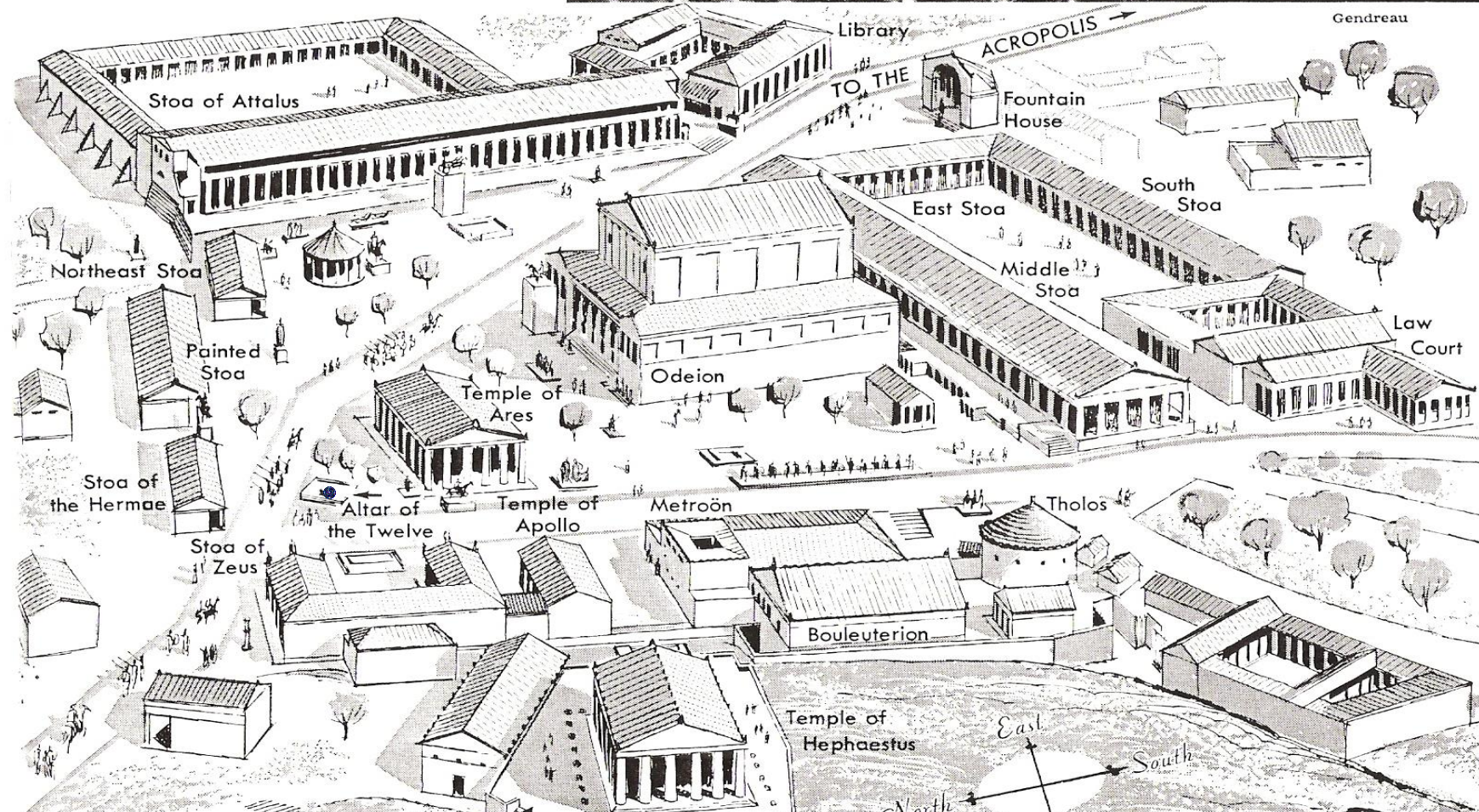
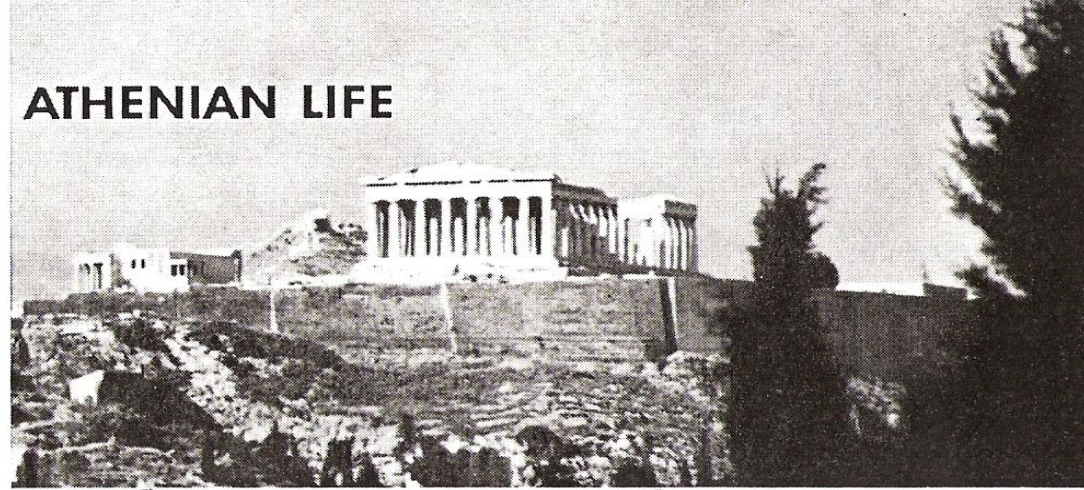


Stoa of Zeus

THE CENTER OF ATHENIAN LIFE

The Acropolis, a fortified hill, stood above the center of Athens. The ancient Greeks built the Parthenon and other temples on the hill.

The Agora, or market place, was Athens' civic center. It lay at the foot of the Acropolis. As it appeared about A.D. 51, it included *stoas*, which had shops and meeting places; the *Odeion*, a theater; and government buildings such as the *Bouleuterion*, *Metroön*, and *Tholos*.



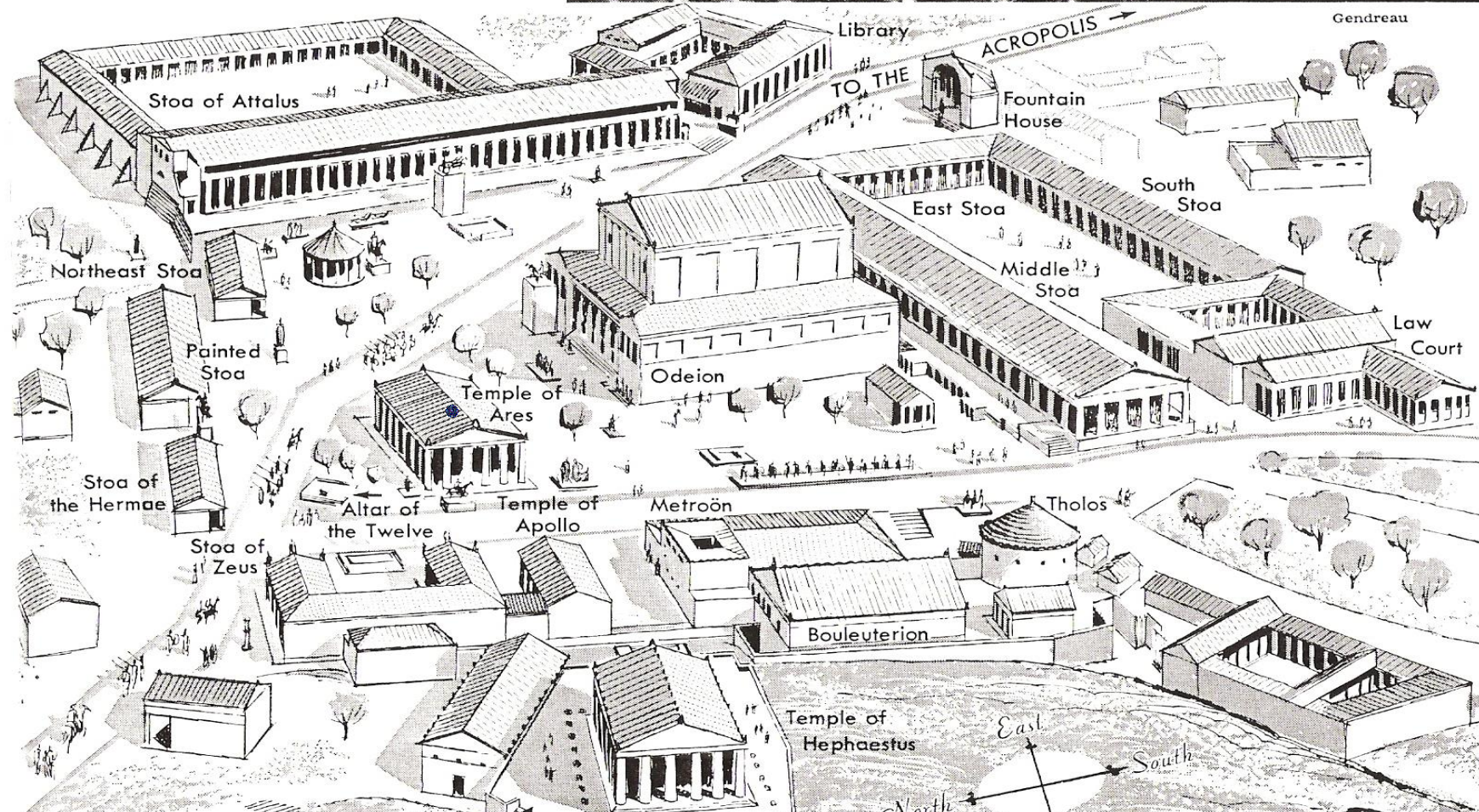
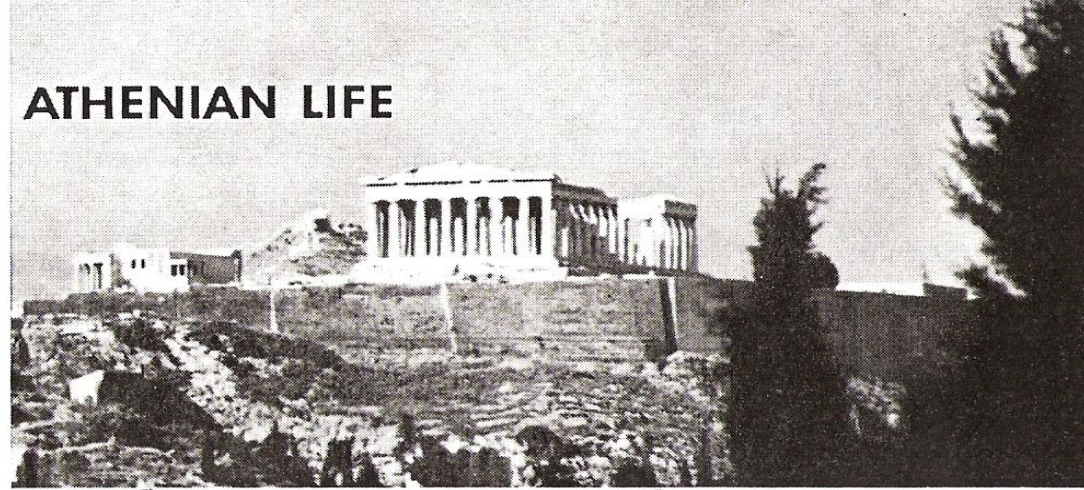
The Alter of the Twelve



THE CENTER OF ATHENIAN LIFE

The Acropolis, a fortified hill, stood above the center of Athens. The ancient Greeks built the Parthenon and other temples on the hill.

The Agora, or market place, was Athens' civic center. It lay at the foot of the Acropolis. As it appeared about A.D. 51, it included *stoas*, which had shops and meeting places; the *Odeion*, a theater; and government buildings such as the *Bouleuterion*, *Metroön*, and *Tholos*.



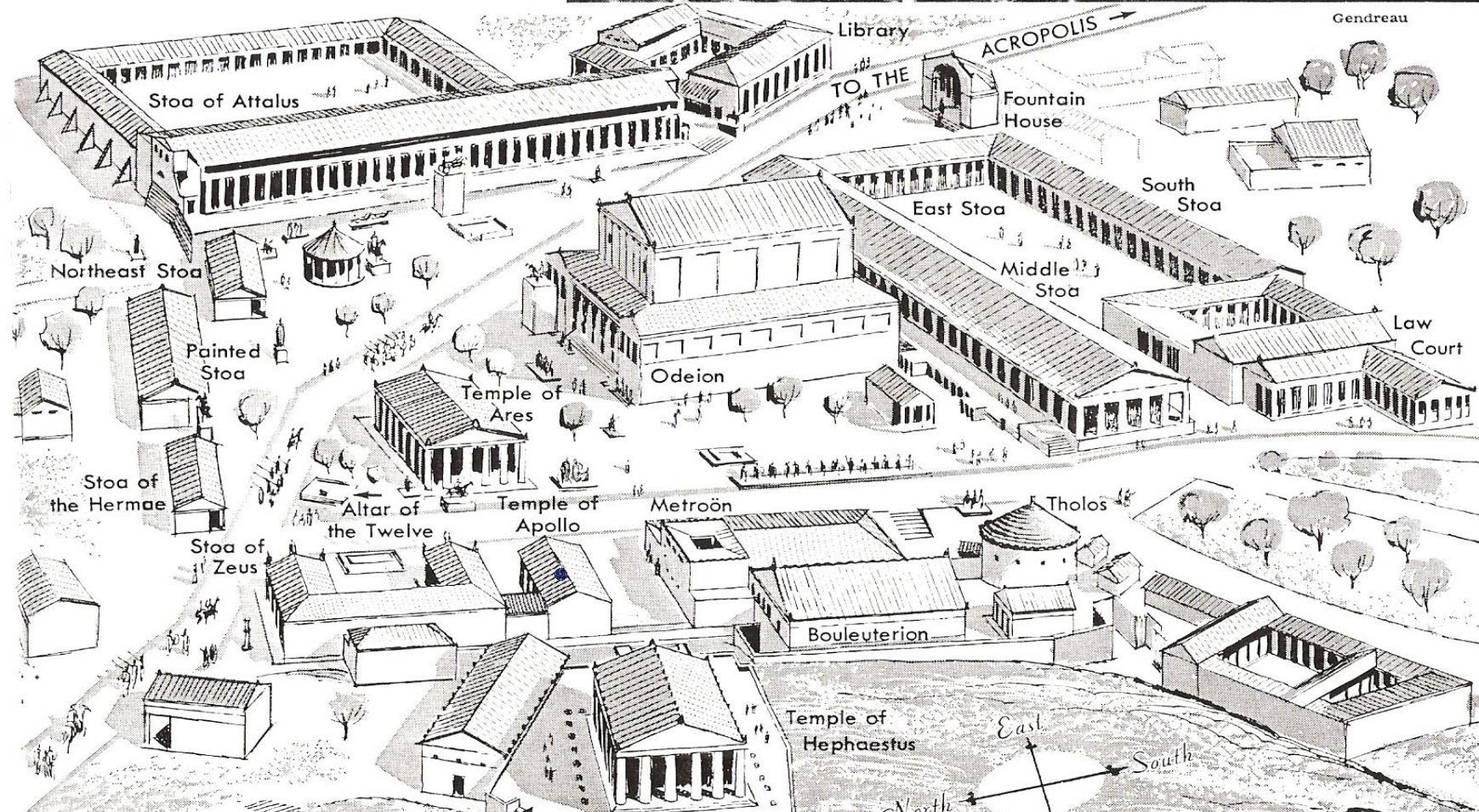
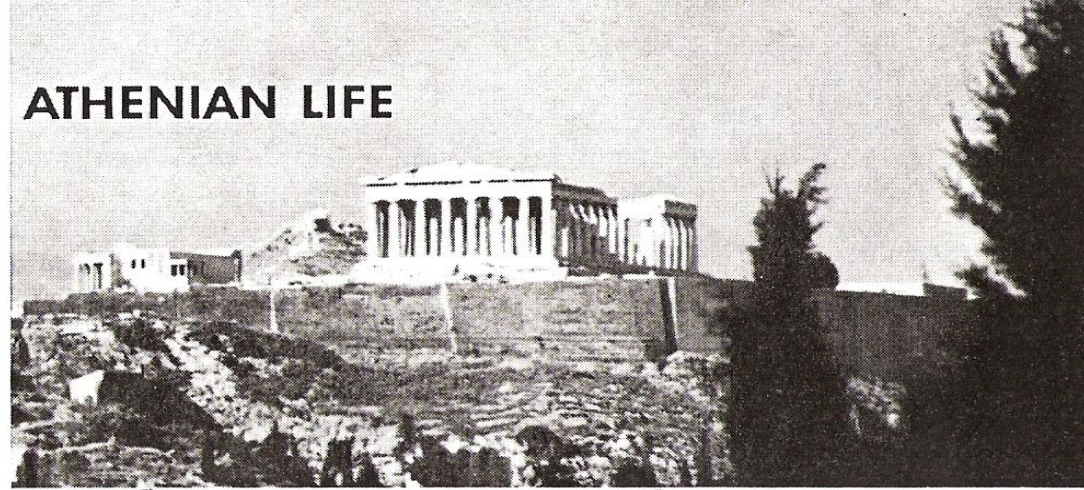
The Temple of Ares



THE CENTER OF ATHENIAN LIFE

The Acropolis, a fortified hill, stood above the center of Athens. The ancient Greeks built the Parthenon and other temples on the hill.

The Agora, or market place, was Athens' civic center. It lay at the foot of the Acropolis. As it appeared about A.D. 51, it included *stoas*, which had shops and meeting places; the *Odeion*, a theater; and government buildings such as the *Bouleuterion*, *Metroön*, and *Tholos*.



The Temple of Apollo

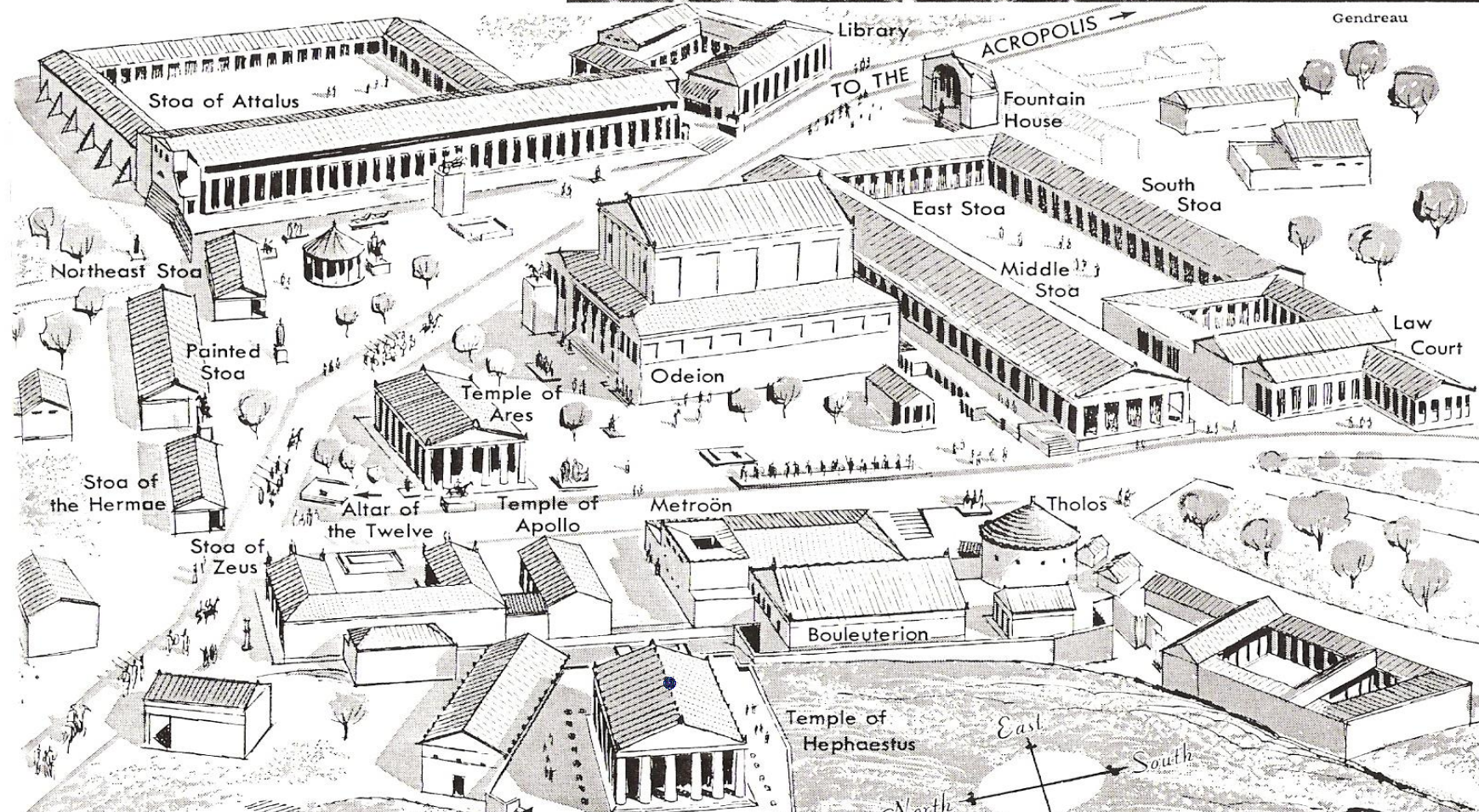
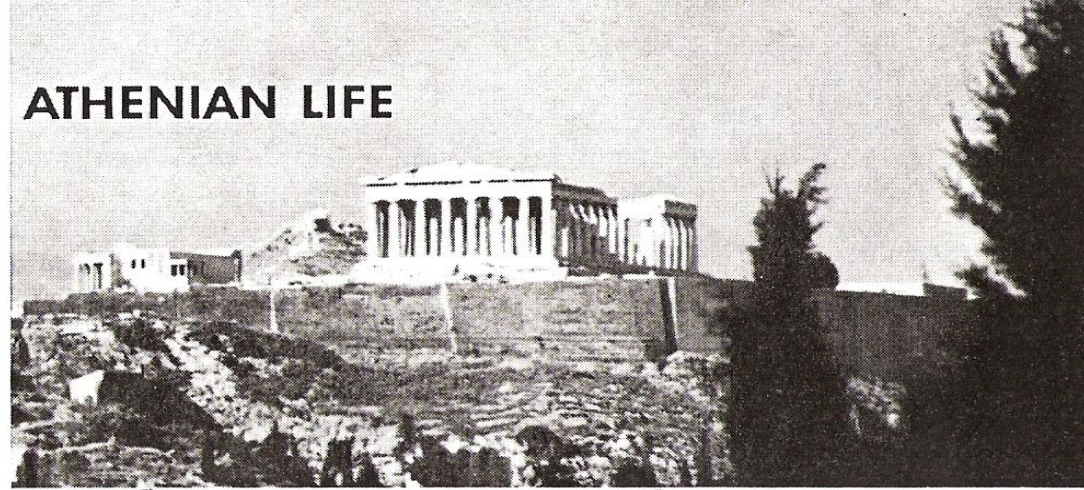




THE CENTER OF ATHENIAN LIFE

The Acropolis, a fortified hill, stood above the center of Athens. The ancient Greeks built the Parthenon and other temples on the hill.

The Agora, or market place, was Athens' civic center. It lay at the foot of the Acropolis. As it appeared about A.D. 51, it included *stoas*, which had shops and meeting places; the *Odeion*, a theater; and government buildings such as the *Bouleuterion*, *Metroön*, and *Tholos*.



The Temple of Hephaestus







The Temple of Hephaestus



Hephaestus (Vulcan)



Pandora



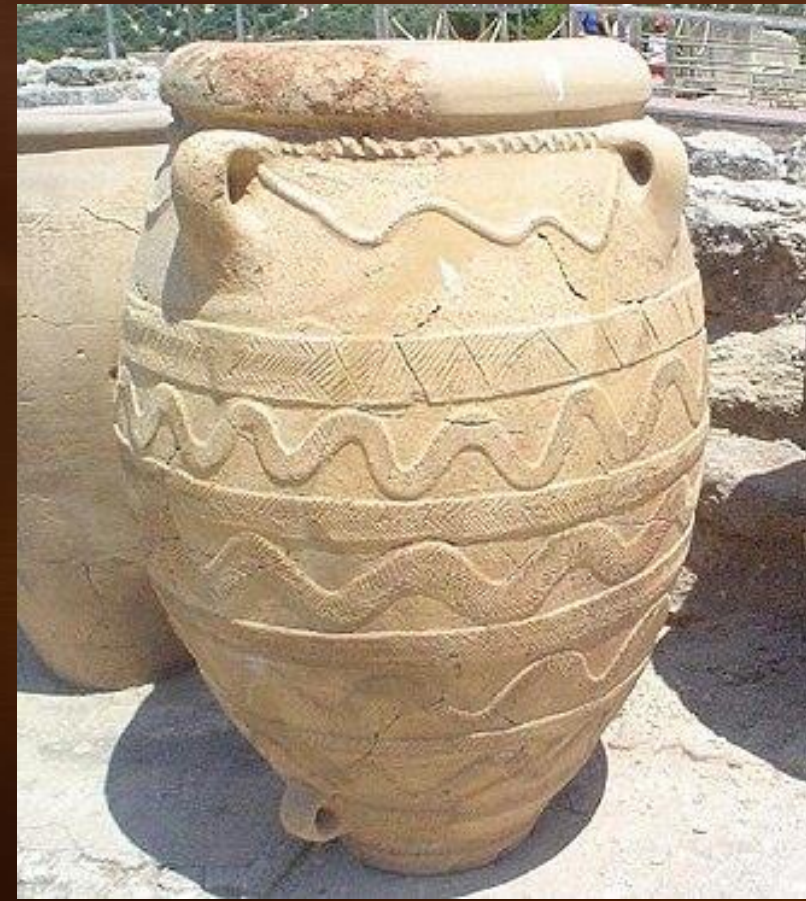
Prometheus & Epimetheus





Pandora

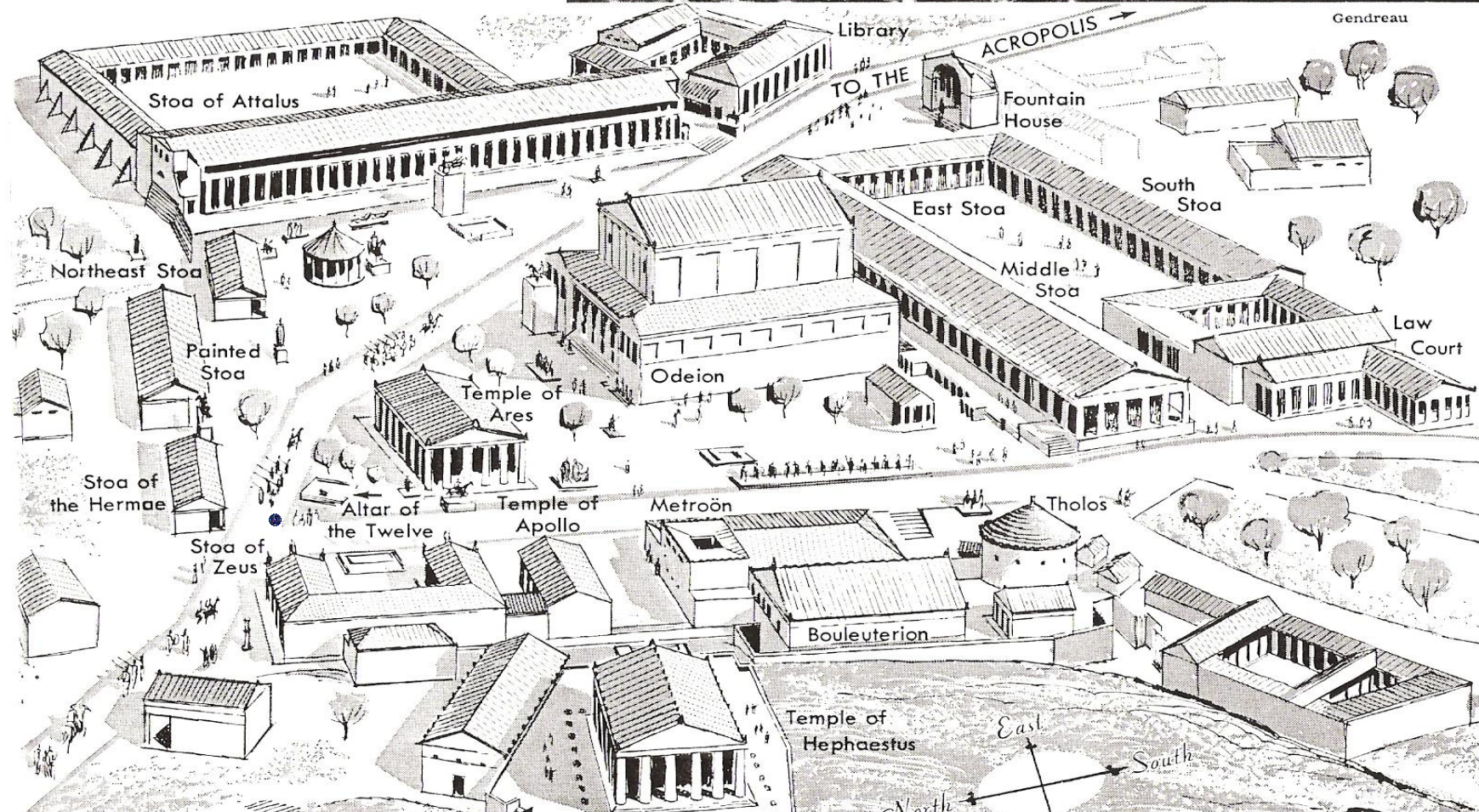
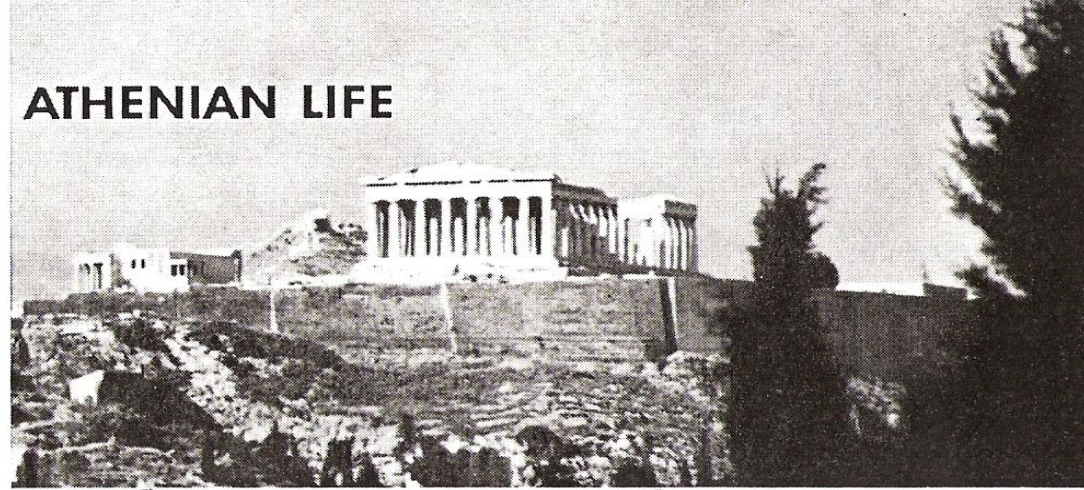
Pithos



THE CENTER OF ATHENIAN LIFE

The Acropolis, a fortified hill, stood above the center of Athens. The ancient Greeks built the Parthenon and other temples on the hill.

The Agora, or market place, was Athens' civic center. It lay at the foot of the Acropolis. As it appeared about A.D. 51, it included *stoas*, which had shops and meeting places; the *Odeion*, a theater; and government buildings such as the *Bouleuterion*, *Metroön*, and *Tholos*.



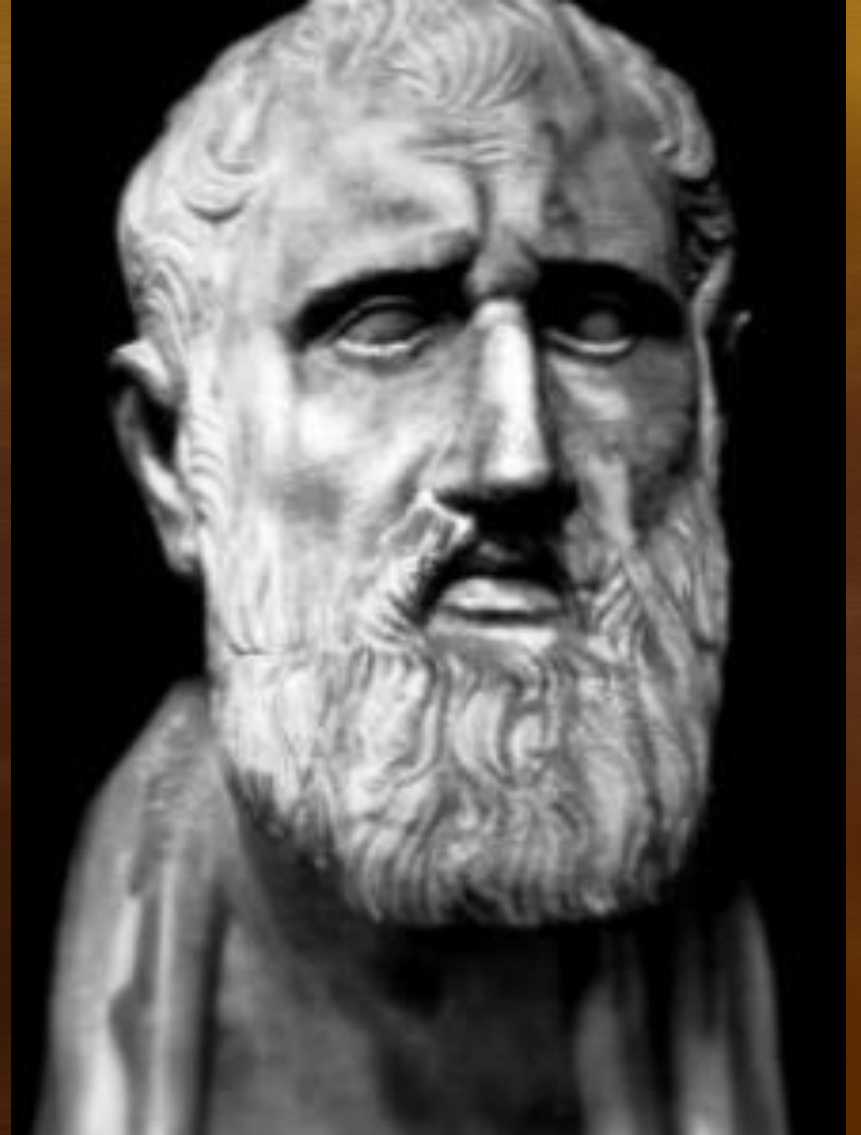






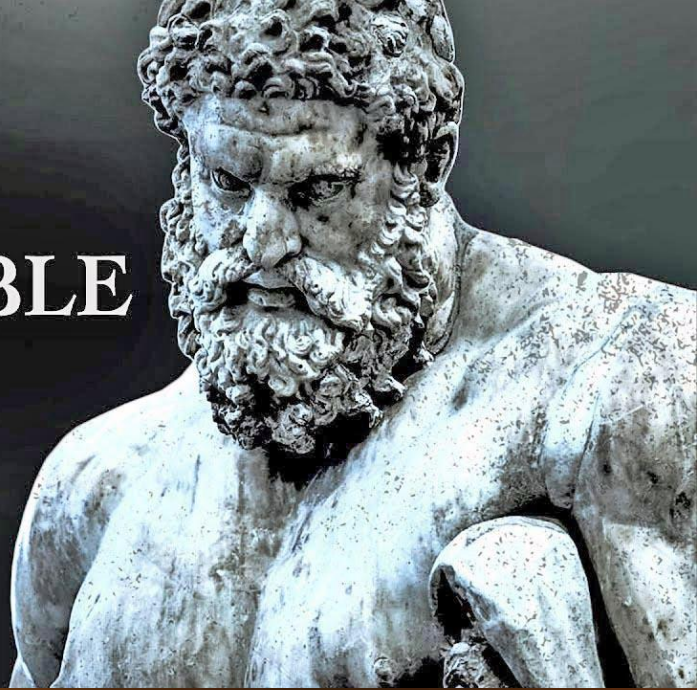
Home of the Stoics

Painted Stoa (Poikile)



Zeno of Citium (Cyprus)
334 -246 BC

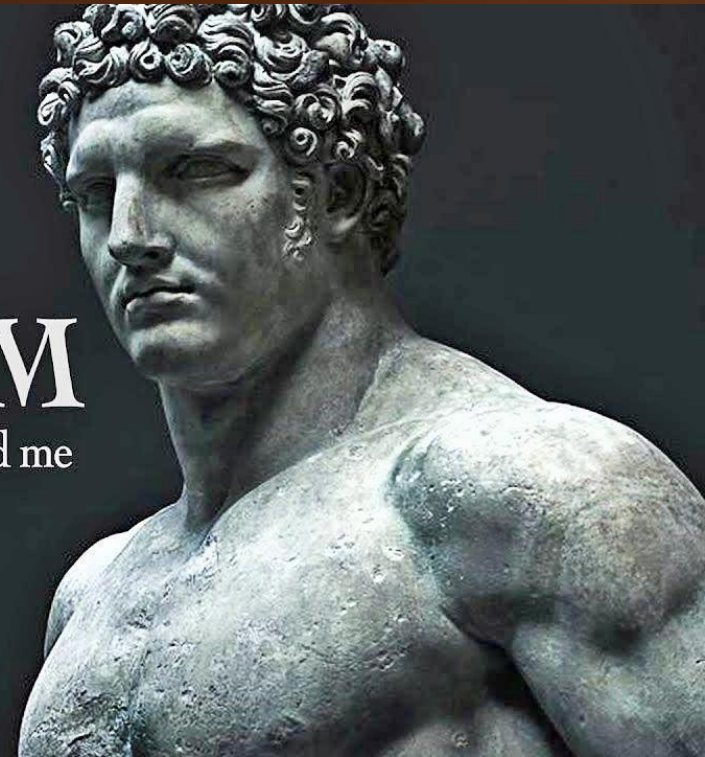
UNSHAKEABLE
MIND



Discipline

I AM CALM

While the storm is raging around me



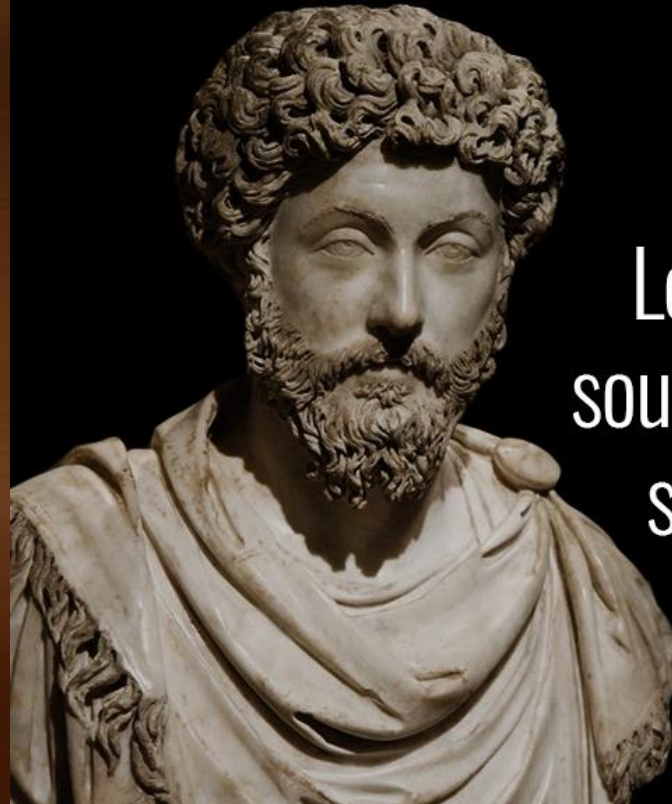
The wise man will live as long as he ought, not as long as he can.

Seneca



That man lives badly who does not know how to die well.

Discipline



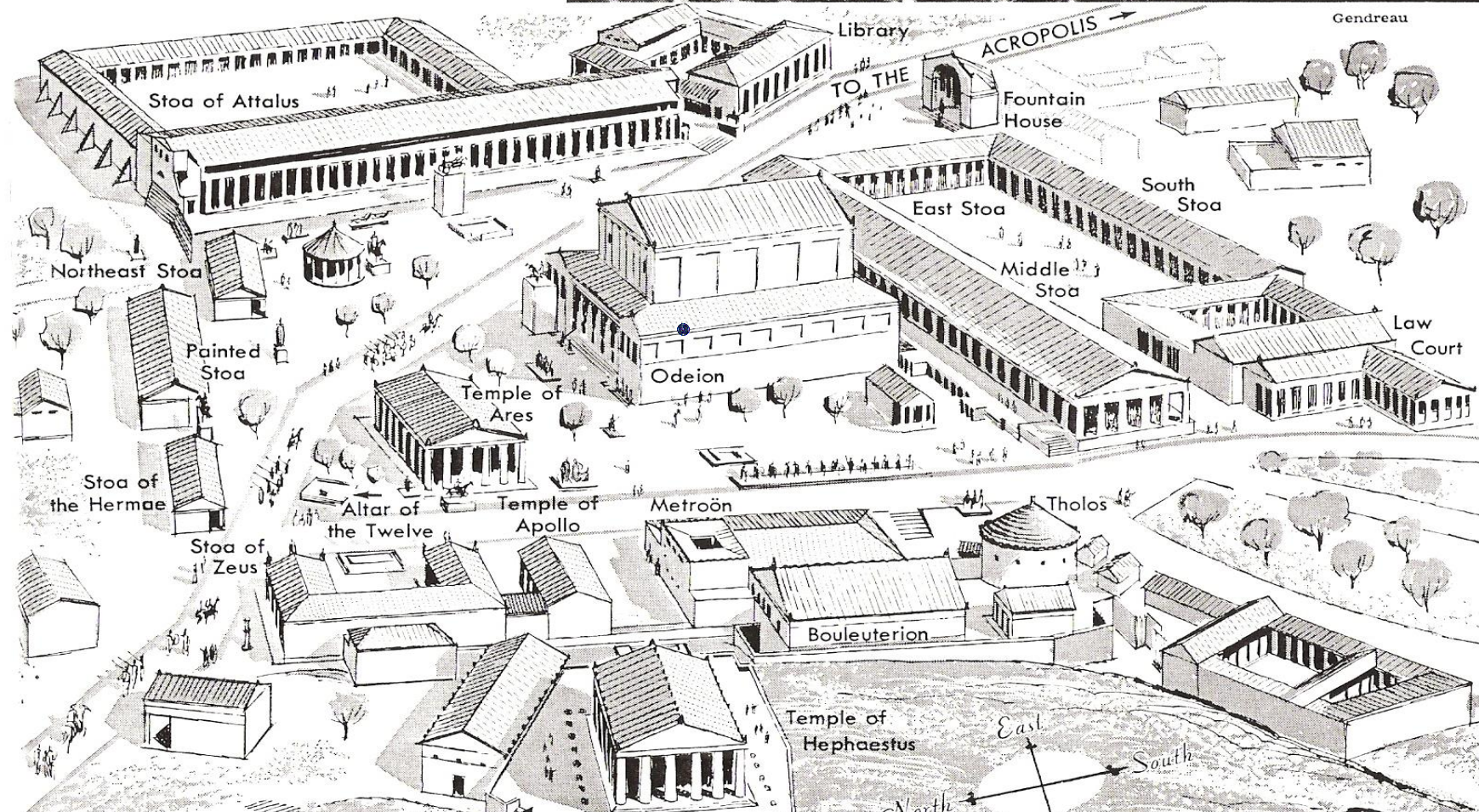
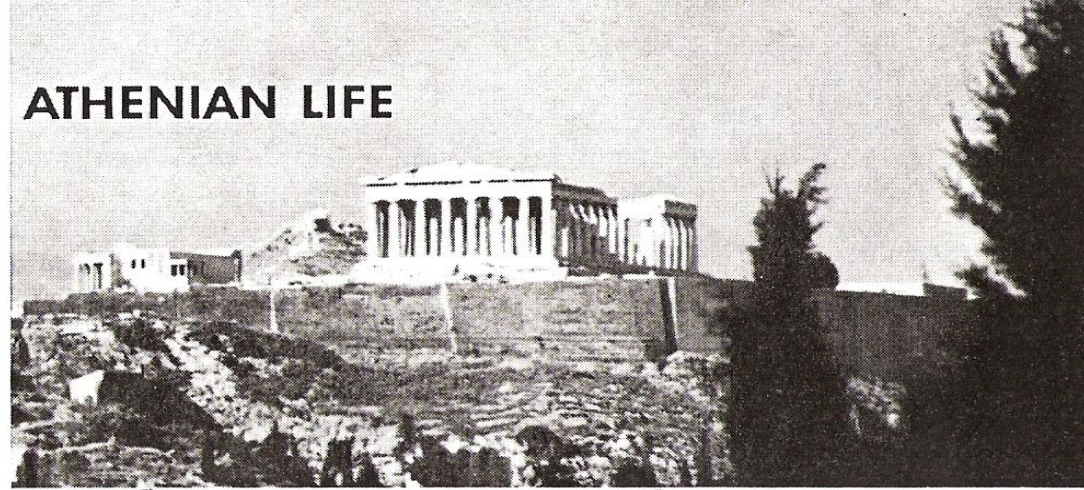
Look well **into thyself**; there is a source of **strength** which will always spring up if thou wilt always look.

- Marcus Aurelius

THE CENTER OF ATHENIAN LIFE

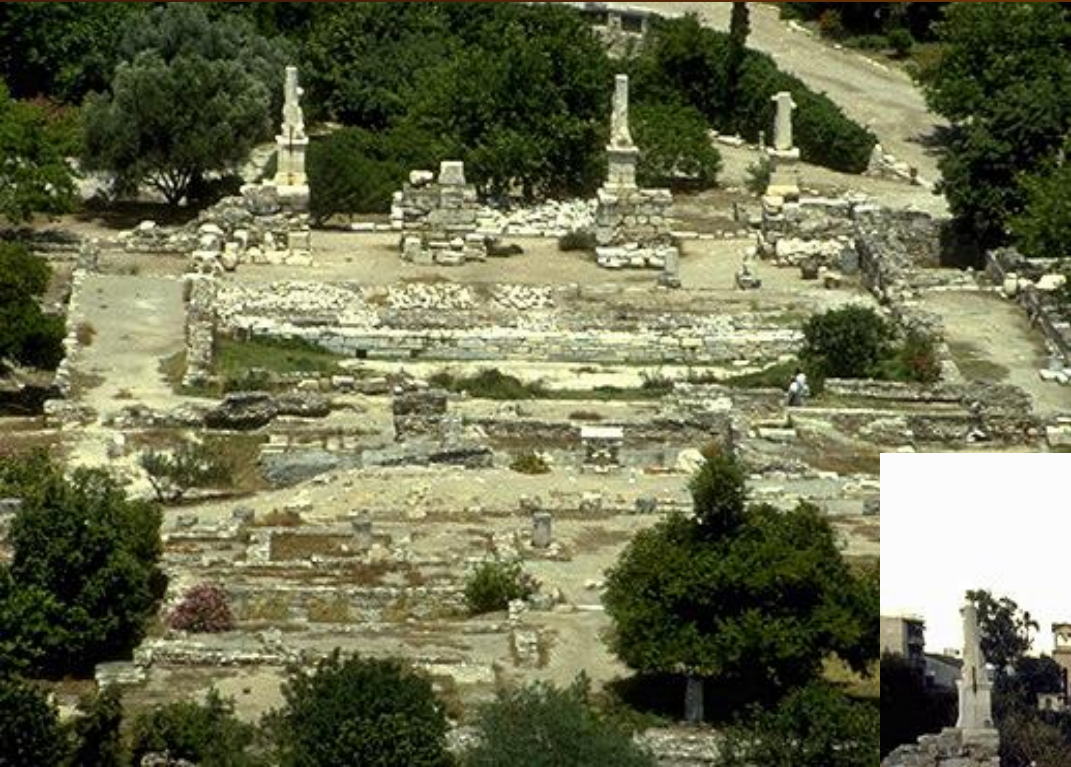
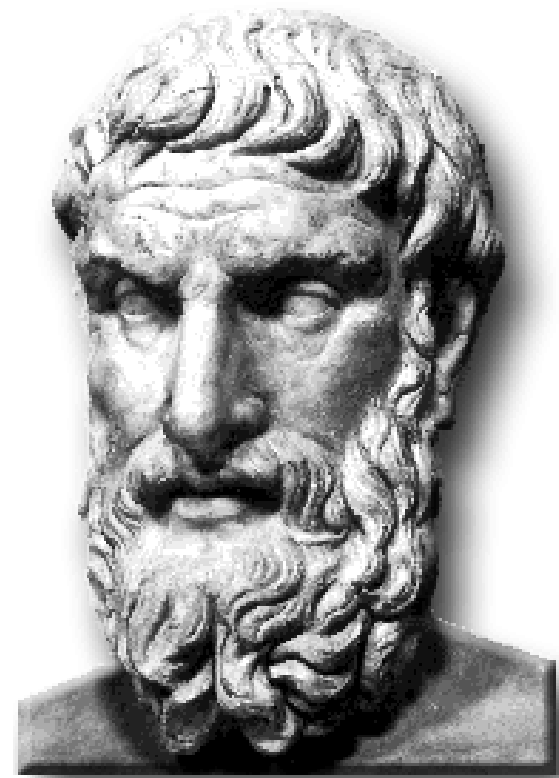
The Acropolis, a fortified hill, stood above the center of Athens. The ancient Greeks built the Parthenon and other temples on the hill.

The Agora, or market place, was Athens' civic center. It lay at the foot of the Acropolis. As it appeared about A.D. 51, it included *stoas*, which had shops and meeting places; the *Odeion*, a theater; and government buildings such as the *Bouleuterion*, *Metroön*, and *Tholos*.



Odion of Agrippa

Epicurious of Samos
341-270 BC





Happiness (Hedonism)



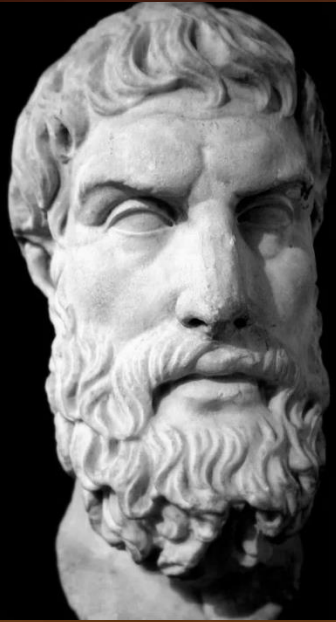


Happiness (Hedonism)





Happiness (Hedonism)



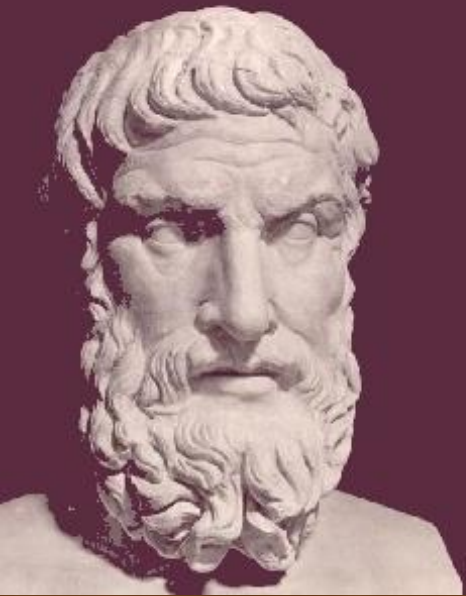
"Not what we have ,
but what we enjoy,
constitutes our
abundance."

-Epicurus

Happy Atheism

Death does not concern us,
because as long as we exist, death
is not here. And when it does
come, we no longer exist.

Epicurus



"Death, therefore, the most awful of evils, is nothing to us, seeing that, when we are, death is not come, and, when death is come, we are not."

- Epicurus

Happy Atheism

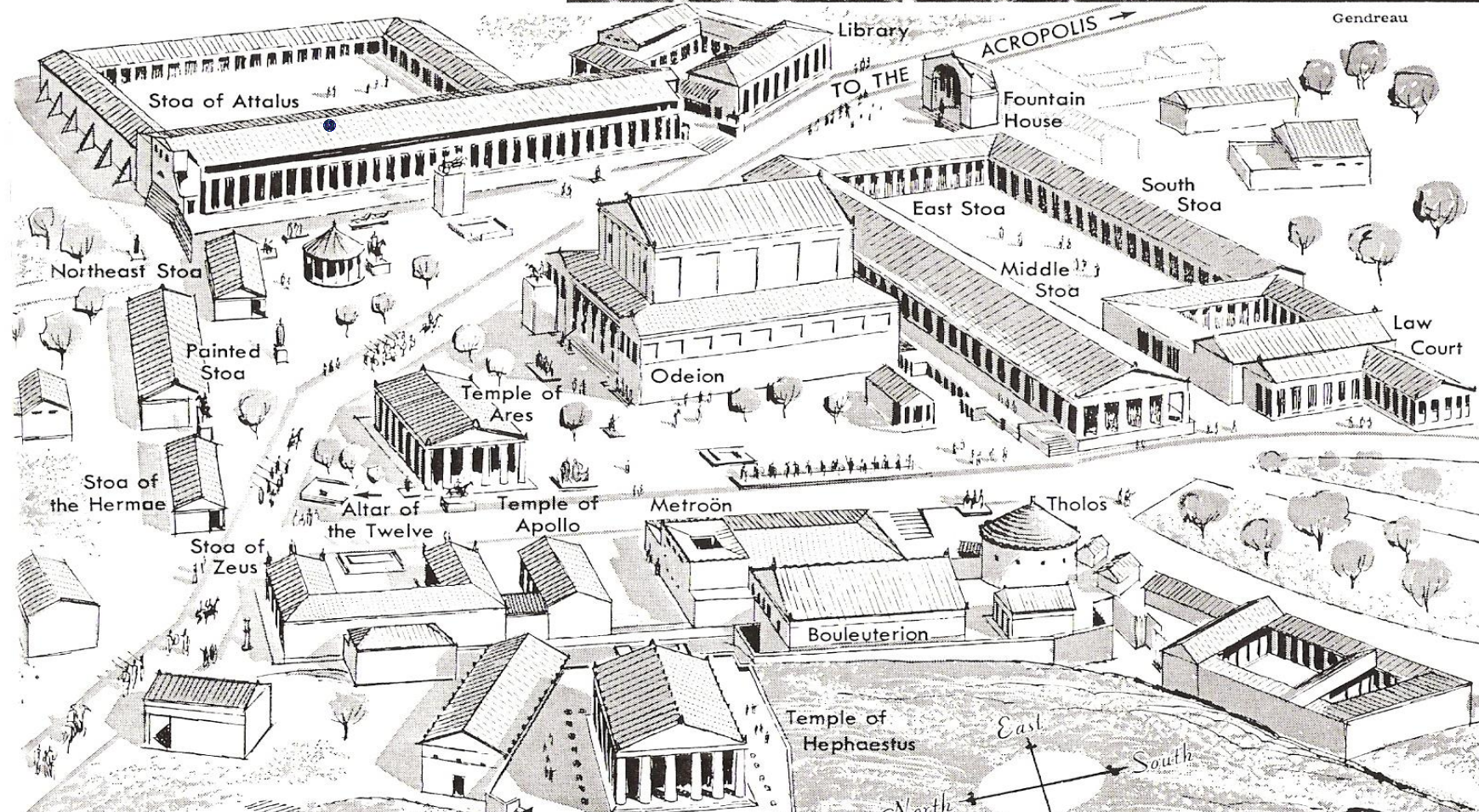
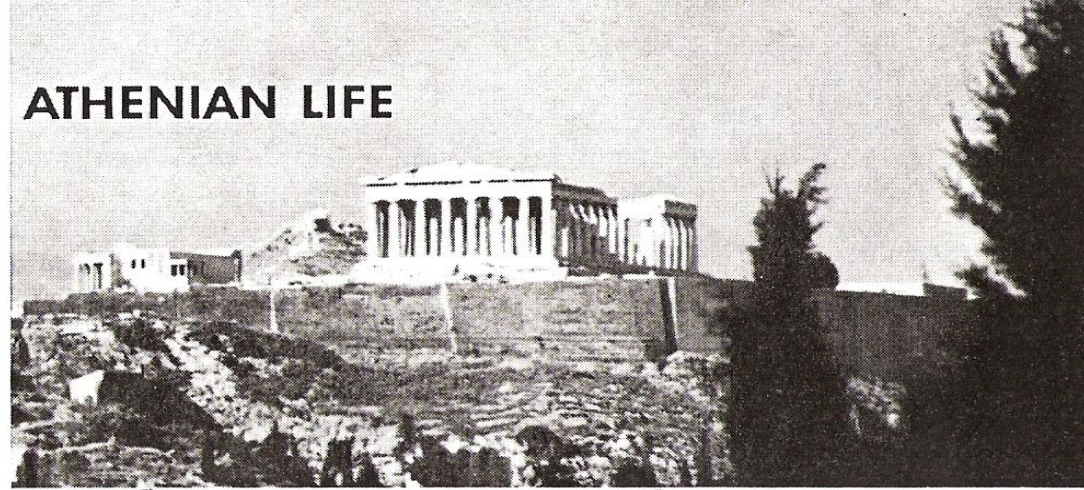
There is nothing terrible in life
for the man who realizes there
is nothing terrible in death.

Epicurus

THE CENTER OF ATHENIAN LIFE

The Acropolis, a fortified hill, stood above the center of Athens. The ancient Greeks built the Parthenon and other temples on the hill.

The Agora, or market place, was Athens' civic center. It lay at the foot of the Acropolis. As it appeared about A.D. 51, it included *stoas*, which had shops and meeting places; the *Odeion*, a theater; and government buildings such as the *Bouleuterion*, *Metroön*, and *Tholos*.

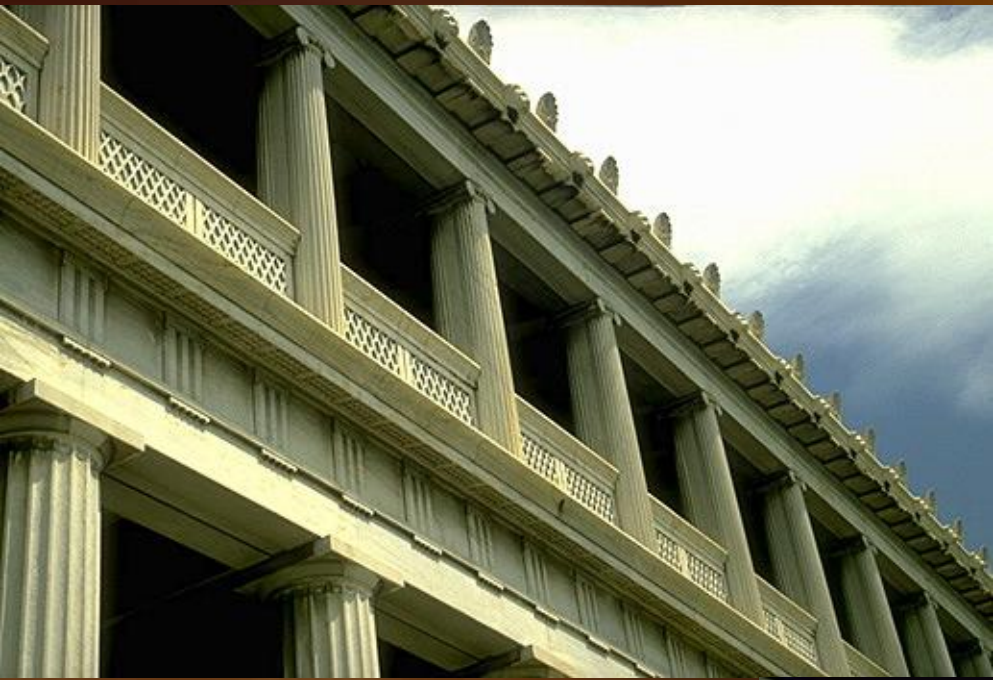




Stoa of Attalus











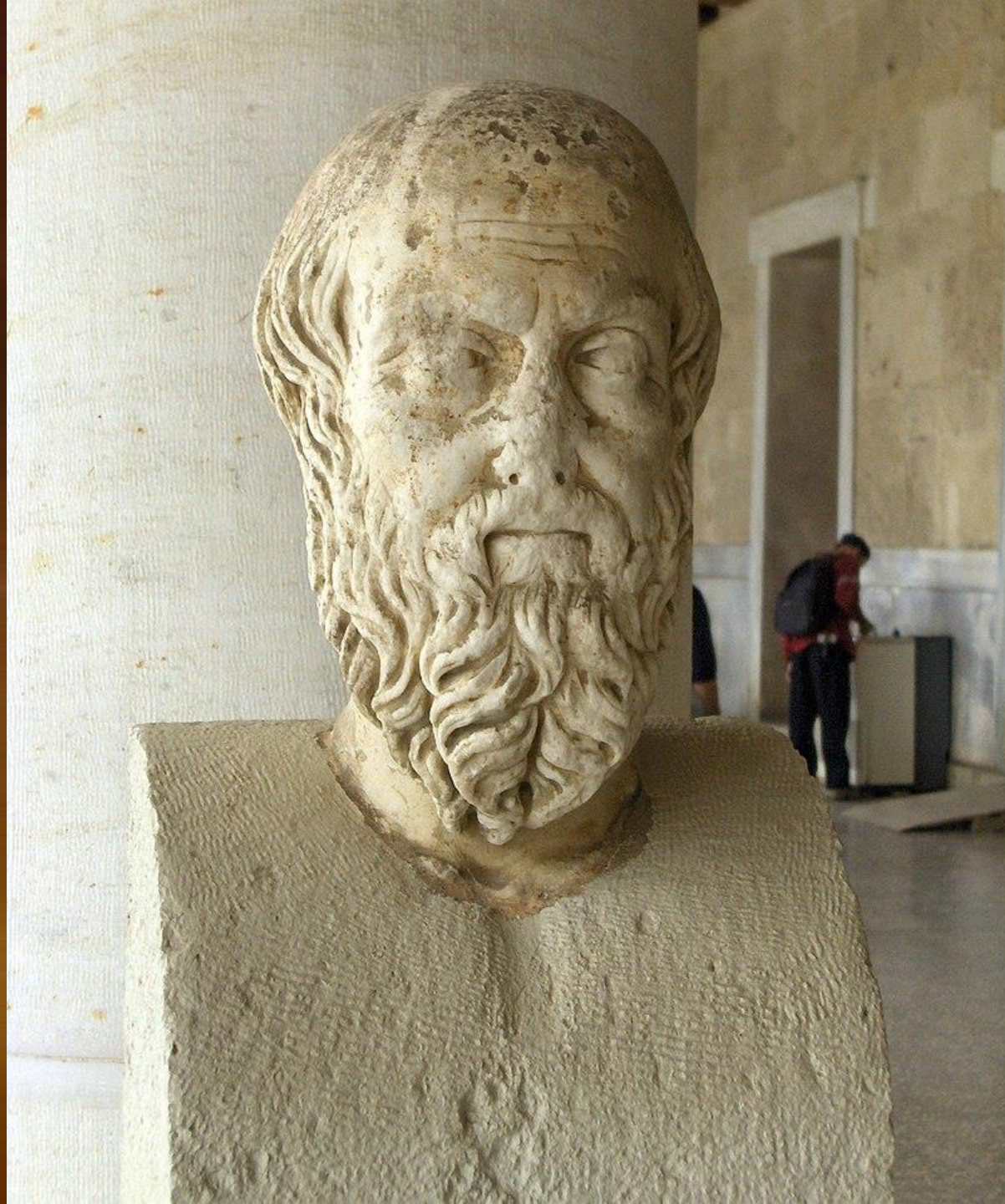


Jury Selection Machine



Ostrakon



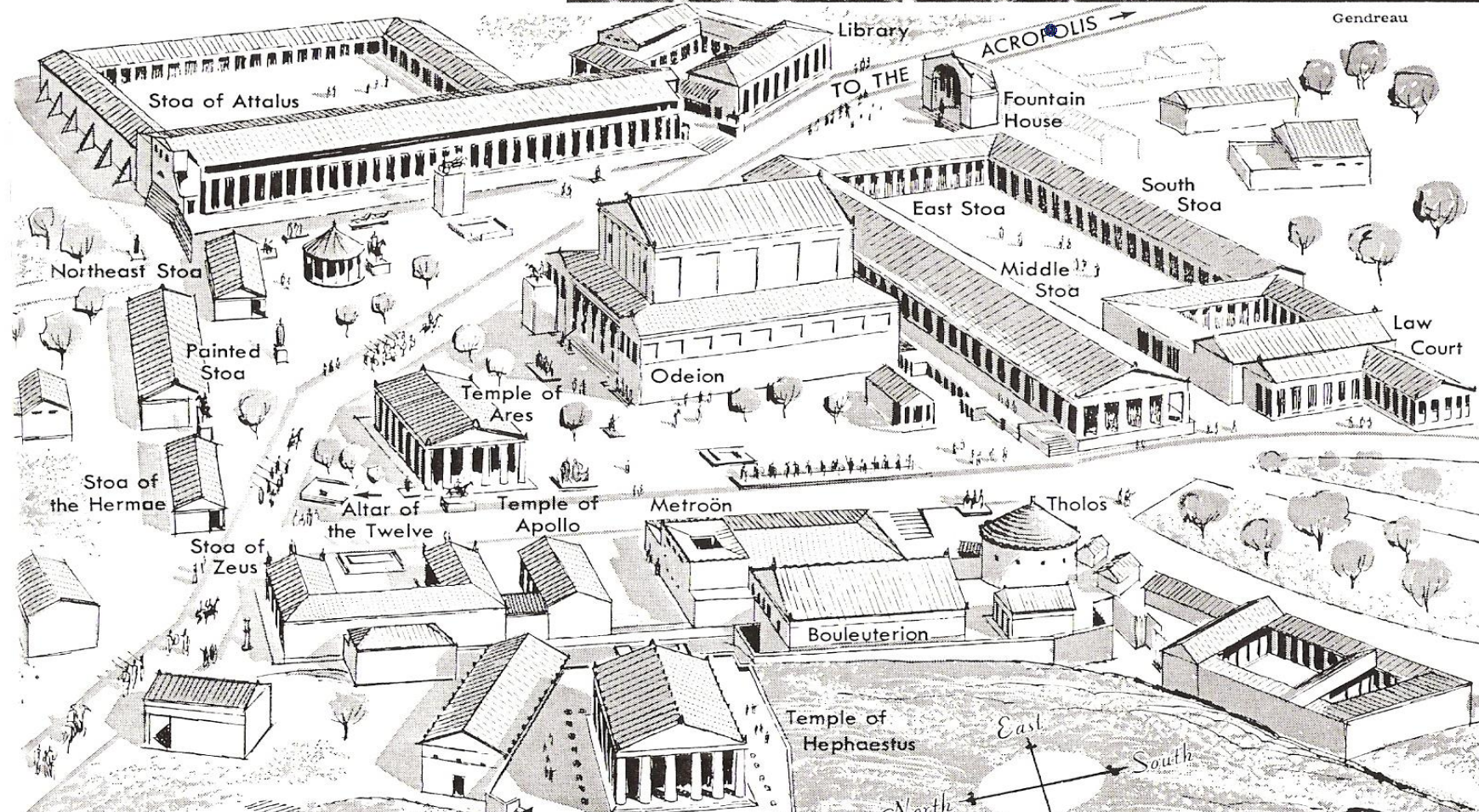
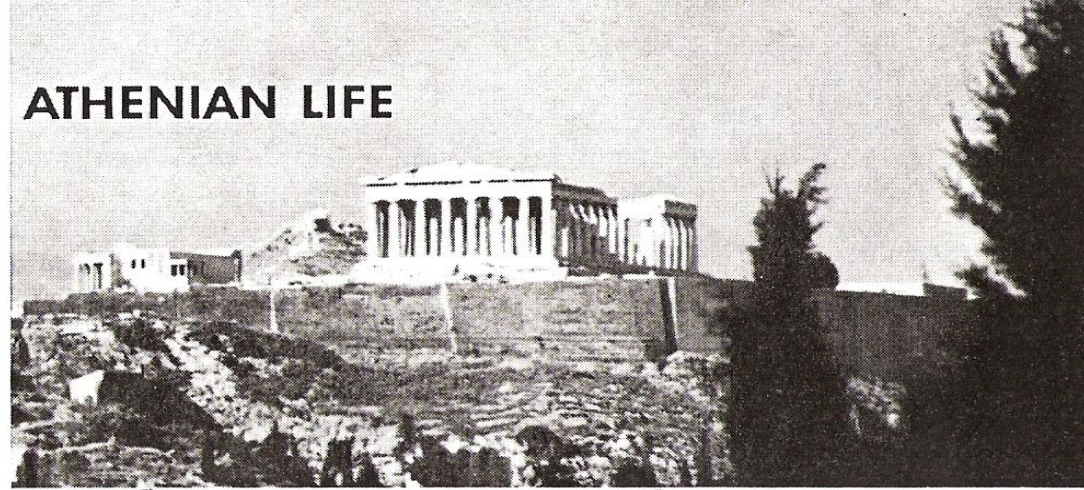


Herodotus

THE CENTER OF ATHENIAN LIFE

The Acropolis, a fortified hill, stood above the center of Athens. The ancient Greeks built the Parthenon and other temples on the hill.

The Agora, or market place, was Athens' civic center. It lay at the foot of the Acropolis. As it appeared about A.D. 51, it included *stoas*, which had shops and meeting places; the *Odeion*, a theater; and government buildings such as the *Bouleuterion*, *Metroön*, and *Tholos*.



Panathenaic Way





Prison of Socrates



Socrates takes Hemlock





Next Week:

“Mars Hill”